

**MATH IN MOSCOW. ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY.  
HOMEWORK 4**

- (1) Find all regular functions  $\mathbb{P}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$ .
- (2) Let  $X$  be an affine algebraic set. Prove that the algebra of regular functions on  $X$  considered as a quasi-affine algebraic set is the same as the algebra of regular functions on  $X$  considered as an affine algebraic set.
- (3) Prove that Zariski closed subsets of  $\mathbb{P}^n$  are precisely the zero sets of some families of homogeneous polynomials in  $n + 1$  variables.
- (4) By a *projective closure* of a subset  $X$  in  $\mathbb{P}^n$  we mean the closure of  $X$  in the Zariski topology on  $\mathbb{P}^n$ . Write homogeneous equations for projective closures of the following subsets of  $\mathbb{A}^2 \subset \mathbb{P}^2$ . Write their equations in the other two affine charts. Draw pictures over  $\mathbb{R}$ .
  - (a)  $y = x^2$ ,
  - (b)  $y = x^3$ ,
  - (c)  $y^2 = x^3 + x^2$ ,
  - (d)  $x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1$ .
- (5) Consider  $\mathbb{R}^2$  as a real part of the standard affine chart  $U_0 \subset \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^2$ . Find two points in  $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^2$  such that any Euclidean circle in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  contains them, if we consider it as a projective subset over  $\mathbb{C}$ .
- (6) Let  $V$  be a  $(n+1)$ -dimensional vector space, and let  $f: \mathbb{P}(V) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(V)$  be a projective linear transformation that corresponds to an element  $A \in \text{GL}(n+1, \mathbb{K})$ . Assume that all fixed points of  $f$  are isolated. Estimate the number of them.
- (7) Prove that  $\mathbb{A}^2 \setminus (0, 0)$  is not isomorphic to an affine variety. .